WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE 2024 REGULAR SESSION

Enrolled

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 269

By Senators Deeds, Grady, Takubo, Trump, Caputo,
Swope, Woodrum, Hunt, and Woelfel

[Passed January 26, 2024; in effect from passage]

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1 AN ACT to amend and reenact §47-19-3 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; and to 2 repeal §60A-4-403a of said code, relating to excluding test strips from the definition of drug 3 paraphernalia; and specifying that possession, sale, or purchase of drug test strips is not prohibited. 4

	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:				
	CHAPTER 47. REGULATION OF TRADE.				
	ARTICLE	19.	DRUG	PARAPHERNALIA.	
	§47-19-3. Drug parapherna	lia defined.			
1	(a) The following ite	ms, if marketed	for use or desig	ned for the use with controlled	
2	substances, are considered	drug paraphernalia	a for the purpose	stated in §47-19-1 et seq. of this	
3	code:				
4	(1) Kits marketed for t	use, or designed fo	or use in planting,	propagating, cultivating, growing,	
5	or harvesting of any species	of plant which is	a controlled subs	stance or from which a controlled	
6	substance can be derived;				
7	(2) Kits marketed for	use, or designed fo	or use in manufac	cturing, compounding, converting,	
8	producing, processing, or pre	eparing controlled	substances;		
9	(3) Isomerization dev	ices marketed for	use, or designed	for use in increasing the potency	
10	of any species of plant which	is a controlled su	bstance;		
11	(4) Testing equipmen	t marketed for use	, or designed for	use in identifying, or in analyzing	
12	the strength, effectiveness, of	or purity of control	led substances:	Provided, That test strips are not	
13	considered drug parapherna	lia for the purpose	stated in §47-19	-1 et seq. of this code;	
14	(5) Scales and bala	nces used, intend	led for use, or o	designed for use in weighing or	
15	measuring controlled substa	nces;			

and lactose, marketed for use, or designed for use in cutting controlled substances;

(6) Diluents and adulterants, such as quinine hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose

18	(7) Separation gins and sifters marketed for use, or designed for use in removing twigs and
19	seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining, marijuana;
20	(8) Blenders, bowls, containers, spoons, and mixing devices used, intended for use, or
21	designed for use in compounding controlled substances;
22	(9) Capsules, balloons, envelopes, and other containers marketed for use, or designed for
23	use in packaging small quantities of controlled substances;
24	(10) Hypodermic syringes, needles, and other objects marketed for use, or designed for
25	use in parenterally injecting controlled substances into the human body;
26	(11) Paper of colorful design, with names oriented for use with controlled dangerous
27	substances and displayed: Provided, That white paper or tobacco-oriented paper not necessarily
28	designed for use with controlled substances is not covered;
29	(12) Pipes displayed in the proximity of roach clips, or literature encouraging illegal use of
30	controlled substances, are covered by this article: Provided, That pipes otherwise displayed are
31	not covered by this article;
32	(13) Roach clips: Meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana
33	cigarette, that have become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
34	(14) Miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials; and
35	(15) Chillums or bongs.
36	(b) In determining whether an object is marketed for use or designed for use as drug
37	paraphernalia, the State Tax Commissioner or other authority should consider the following:
38	(1) The proximity of the object, in time and space, to a controlled substance;
39	(2) The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object;
40	(3) Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object concerning its use;
41	(4) Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain or depict its use;
42	(5) National and local advertising concerning its use;
43	(6) The manner in which the object is displayed for sale:

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- 44 (7) Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a legitimate supplier of like or 45 related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;
 - (8) Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of the object or objects to the total sales of the business enterprise; and
 - (9) The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object in the community.

CHAPTER 60A. UNIFORM CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES.

ARTICLE 4. OFFENSES AND PENALTIES.

§60A-4-403a. Prohibition of illegal drug paraphernalia businesses; definitions; places deemed common and public nuisances; abatement; suit to abate nuisances; injunction; search warrants; forfeiture of property; penalties.

1 [Repealed.]